BACKGROUND
The right to adequate housing and shelter is enshrined in Article 25 of the United Nations’ Universal Declaration of Human Rights, but encampments, temporary shelters, and housing movements are still contentious. Communities are searching for solutions with their unhoused neighbors. One is considered unhoused if they are without safe, stable and healthy access to housing. A person who is considered unhoused may live outside, in their car, on the streets or in temporary or transitional housing like shelters. When it comes to shelter and self-advocacy, many unhoused individuals will begin setting up tents and encampments. Areas such as San Francisco and Seattle are famous- or infamous- for unhoused encampments, but as inequality grows in the United States, areas with unhoused populations that were once considered invisible are faced with solving many issues that arise with encampments.

In the Spring of 2018, The Franklin Hiawatha Encampment, also known as the “Wall of Forgotten Natives”, started with a few unhoused families and individuals placing tents and tarps on a strip of land next to Little Earth of United Tribes in Minneapolis, Minnesota. The location was chosen due to its high visibility and perceived safety. The camp would grow over several months and with its growth, it would draw attention from social workers, local media and city, state and tribal governments. The Franklin Hiawatha encampment quickly became Minnesota's largest unhoused encampment in state history and the community would need solutions before Fall and Winter temperatures set in. Finding solutions for housing and shelter would bring together a coalition of camp members, tribal leaders, city government officials, the nonprofit sector among many others. To date, the encampment has not transitioned into Winter ready shelter, but The Red Lake Nation has promised to lead on winterizing the encampment in its current location.

The camp is representative of the broad intersection of identities and circumstances within the unhoused community. The Franklin Hiawatha Encampment is predominantly composed of Native Americans. Some camp community members work full or part time, with one or multiple jobs while others are unemployed. Some have semi-stable housing or shelter options, others have been experiencing chronic homelessness. Addiction, health and ability are all concerns for the healers and volunteers working with the community. The community is built around families as well as individuals all seeking safety and communal empowerment.

Housing and shelter encampments are a very visible statements that draw attention from a wide range of perspectives to homelessness and the unhoused community. Encampments arise in communities all over the world, and they serve many similar and unique purposes. Encampments
can create a sense of safety, community and permanence. They may also raise concerns around safety, public health and the right to public space. Individuals and communities who lose their housing due to rising rents share a similar need to shelter as refugee populations fleeing violence and war.

The reasons for homelessness are complex and thus can be challenging to address. Sometimes, homelessness is seen as a cause of complex social and economic issues. Other times it results from social and economic problems. In the United States, public opinion varies dramatically from those who believe homelessness results from individual choices to those who view homelessness as the result of flawed policies.

Because of the complex nature of homelessness, there is no universal prescription to ensure that everyone has a home. Rather, solutions are often multifaceted and effective approaches to addressing homelessness may vary between communities and in different parts of the world. What works in Paris might not work in Algeria, or in the United States.

RESOURCES

Personal Stories
Stories from The Franklin/Hiawatha Encampment:

- “All together now- The Franklin Hiawatha Camp Blog
- ‘A blessing,’ ‘a family,’ and ‘a shame o Minneapolis’: Voices from the Hiawatha Avenue homeless encampment- Minnpost
- Video: Franklin/Hiawatha Encampment the “Wall of Forgotten Natives”

Stories from around the world:

- Stories of Homelessness from Canada
- Transitioning While Homeless: Skylar’s Story
- Fighting Homelessness, my way: Jamal Mechbal

- My Life, My Strength- Cristina Briones- The Moth Podcast (10:23)

Art and Images

- Art: DrawBridge an Arts Program for Homeless Children
- Art: Faces of Santa Ana

Articles

- ‘The emergency is now visible’: How the Hiawatha homeless encampment came to be. And what Minneapolis officials are trying to do about it. - Minnpost
- San Francisco votes to confiscate homeless tents, fails to pass funding to house them- SF Curbed
- Seizure of Homeless Artist’s Prints an Exhibit of Injustice by City- StreetSHEET
- How bad is homelessness in America - Huffington Post
- Homelessness in New York Public Schools Is at a Record High; 114,659 Students- The New York Times
- “Giving housing to the homeless is three times cheaper than leaving them on the streets- VOX
- A tumultuous housing program in Algeria - New York Times
- Conflict, lack of food, and homelessness (Central African Republic) - IFRC
- “UN official backs Kings Cross injecting room- Sydney Herald

Data & Maps

- Youth and Young Adult Homelessness in San Francisco: 2018 Report on Incidence and Needs
- State Index on Youth Homelessness- True Colors Fund
- City of Berkeley, CA – 2017 Homeless point-in-time count and survey
- Global homelessness statistics – Homeless World Cup Foundation
- Central African Republic overview - OCHA
- Anti-Eviction Mapping Project
Videos
- Video: Sleeping rough, a compulsory step for asylum seekers in Paris? – France 24
- Video: Central African refugees exiled across the river, long for home - UNHCR
- Video: Why cities are full of uncomfortable benches- VOX
- Video: Burundian street children caught up in clashes – Al Jazeera
- Web series: Homeless Youth - @home by Invisible People
- TEDx Talk: Homlessness in America: The Journey Home- Israel Bayer (12:57)
- Documentary Film: Shelter-Vice (1:20:48)

Websites
- Homeless Hub (Canada)
- National Alliance to End Homelessness (USA) – FAQs
- Center for Evidence Based Solutions to Homelessness (USA) – Evidence Base
- Invisible People
- Institute of Global Homelessness Hub- Institute of Global Homelessness